

Financial Results Briefing For the Nine Months Ended December 31, 2021

SANIX INCORPORATED February 14,2022



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(Note)

- · Numbers are rounded off to the nearest whole number.
- · "()" in operating income, ordinary income and net income indicate operating loss, ordinary loss and net loss respectively.
- · In case of negative or above 1,000%, margin is expressed by "-".
- Starting from the beginning of the fiscal year ending March 31, 2022, the Company has decided to adopt the Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition (ASBJ Statement No. 29.), etc. Since the consolidated financial results forecasts reflect the adoption of such accounting standards, comparisons with the previous fiscal year or the same period of the previous fiscal year are presented based on the assumption that such accounting standards were applied in the fiscal year ended March 31, 2021.



1. Financial Results for the Nine Months Ended December 31,2021



- Net Sales ¥36,453million(Y o Y 105.4%)(Plan ratio100.8%)
- Operating Income ¥181million(Y o Y7.7%)(Plan ratio16.3%)

Highlights of Financial Results of FY2021 3Q

			Year-on-year change	Change from the plan
Net Sa	[+]	•	The number of newly acquired customers and business partners of the HS and ES Divisions steadily grew. The ERD Division was able to increase the volumes of waste plastics and organic waste liquid they accepted largely due to the recovery of the waste discharging factory's economic activities and strengthening of sales activities. The SE Division recorded an increase in the number of installations in self-consumption and surplus projects.	 The number of newly acquired customers and business partners of the HS Divisions steadily grew. The ERD Division increased the amount of waste plastics accepted, the amount of organic waste liquid accepted, and the amount of final disposal due to strengthened sales activities aimed at increasing the volume accepted.
Sales	[-]	•	The SE Division experienced a significant fall in the number of installations in projects where the full amount of the power generated would be sold, such as photovoltaic power generation systems with land, which accounted for almost half of net sales in the same period of the previous year.	 In the ES Division, there was a failure to achieve the plan for Daelman Shock (anti-rust equipment installation) In the EB Division's energy business development, there was a failure to attain the planned number of installations of third party-owned photovoltaic power generation units.
Ope In	[+]	•	The HS Divisions recorded an increase in profit due to higher sales. Increase of profit in the ERD Division due to increases in the amount of waste plastics accepted and in the amount of organic waste liquid accepted	 The profit of the HS Division increased due to higher sales Increase of profit in the ERD Division due to increases in the amount of waste plastics accepted and in the amount of organic waste liquid accepted Expenses were reduced through a range of initiatives including the facilitation of online recruitment and training activities and the cancellation of co-sponsored events
erating come	[-]	•	The profit of the SE Division decreased due to lower sales. Increase in procurement costs in the Energy Business Division's PPS business due to a prolonged period of soaring market prices and a decline in the negotiated procurement ratio The ERD Division's Tomakomai Power Plant lost profit and posted repair expenses, reflecting its suspension of operations due to a legally required inspection (total amount: approx. 750 million yen).	Increase in procurement costs in the EB Division's PPS business due to a prolonged period of soaring market prices

Financial Results of FY2021 3Q



(Millions of Yen)

	FY2020 3Q	FY202	21 3Q	FY2020 3Q		FY2021 3Q Plan	
	Result	Result	Plan	Difference	YoY	Difference	Plan ratio
Net Sales	34,601	36,453	36,157	+ 1,851	105.4%	+ 296	100.8%
Cost of Sales	21,179	25,181	23,887	+ 4,002	118.9%	+ 1,293	105.4%
Gross Profit	13,422	11,271	12,269	-2,150	84.0%	-997	91.9%
(Gross Profit Margin)	38.8%	30.9%	33.9%				
Selling, general and administrative expenses	11,081	11,090	11,154	+ 9	100.1%	-64	99.4%
Operating Income	2,341	181	1,114	-2,159	7.7%	-933	16.3%
(Operating Income Margin)	6.8%	0.5%	3.1%				
Ordinary Income	2,184	0	957	-2,184	0.0%	-957	0.0%
(Ordinary Income Margin)	6.3%	0.0%	2.6%				
Profit (loss) attributable to owners of parent	1,875	(306)	469	-2,181	_	-775	_
(Net Income Margin)	5.4%	_	1.3%				

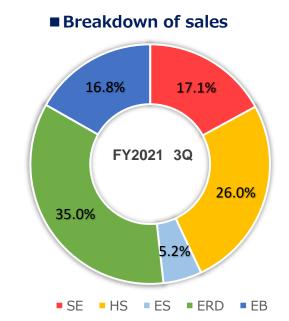
^{*}Comparisons use figures calculated assuming the Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition (ASBJ Statement No. 29.) etc., were applied in the fiscal year ended March 31, 2021.

Net sales by segment of FY 2021 3Q

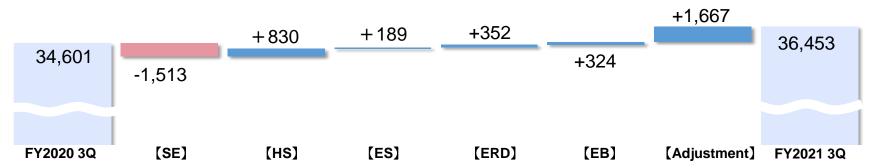


(Millions of Yen)

	FY2021 3Q	3Q FY2020 3Q		FY2021 3Q Plan	
	Result	Difference	YoY	Difference	Plan ratio
SE Dvision	6,223	-1,513	80.4%	+ 50	100.8%
HS Division	9,471	+ 830	109.6%	+ 38	100.4%
ES Division	1,902	+ 189	111.1%	-34	98.2%
ERD Division	12,770	+ 352	102.8%	+ 166	101.3%
EB Division	6,120	+ 324	105.6%	+ 83	101.4%
Adjustment of intersegment sales	(34)	+ 1,667	_	-8	_
Total	36,453	+ 1,851	105.4%	+ 296	100.8%



■ Sales increase / decrease compared to FY2021 3Q



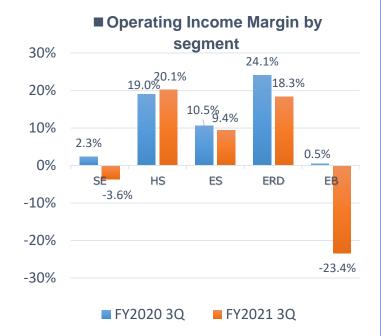
[Millions of Yen]

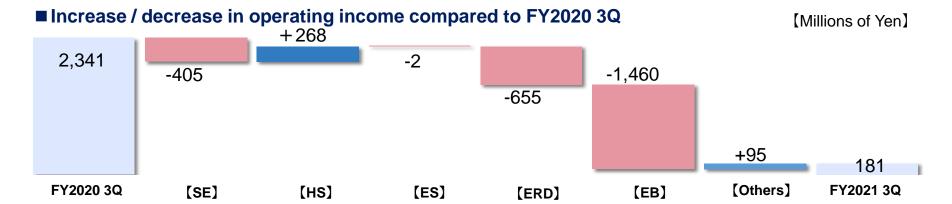
Operating Income by segment of FY2021 3Q



(Millions of Yen)

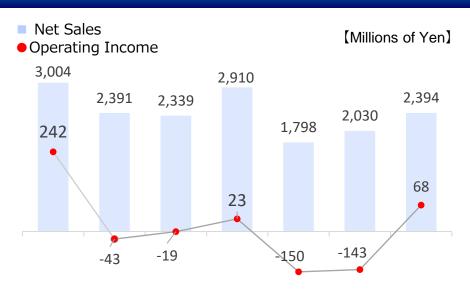
(Willions of Terr)						
	FY20213Q	FY202	20 3Q	FY2021 3Q Plan		
	Result	Difference	YoY	Difference	Plan ratio	
SE Dvision	(225)	-405	_	+ 59	_	
HS Division	1,908	+ 268	116.4%	+ 30	101.6%	
ES Division	178	-2	98.7%	-13	93.0%	
ERD Division	2,342	-655	78.1%	+ 115	105.2%	
EB Division	(1,432)	-1,460	_	-1,136	_	
Group	(2,590)	+ 95	_	+ 12	_	
Total	181	-2,159	7.7%	-933	16.3%	





Results by segment of FY2021 3Q(SE Division)





2021.1Q 2021.2Q 2021.3Q 2021.4Q 2022.1Q 2022.2Q 2022.3Q

■ Net Sales by segment/Operating Income

(Millions of Yen)

[+]

		FY2021 3Q	FY2021 3Q		FY2021 3Q Plan	
		Result	Difference	YoY	Difference	Plan ratio
No	et Sales	6,223	-1,513	80.4%	+ 50	100.8%
	Sales and installation of PV system	6,059	-1,451	80.7%	-0	100.0%
	Wholesale of PV system	109	-44	71.0%	+ 56	206.4%
	Others	54	-16	76.8%	-5	90.8%
Gross Profit		1,592	-823	65.9%	-19	98.8%
Operating Income		(225)	-405	_	+ 59	_

Main factors for the change

■ Net Sales -1,513million yen

- · Increase in the number of installations in self-consumption and surplus projects
 - Increased maintenance sales at existing photovoltaic power plants
- A revision of the FIT system led to a decrease in the number of projects for selling the full amount of power generated, such as photovoltaic power generation systems with land.

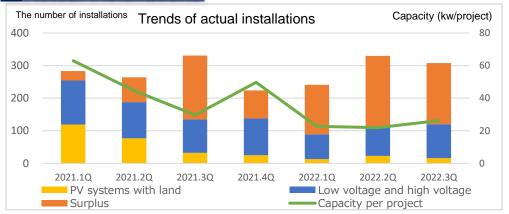
■ Operating Income -405million yen

- Reduction in personnel expenses due to a decrease in the number of staff members
 - Reduction in subcontracted processing expenses chiefly due to a decrease in land development expenses.
- [_] Decrease due to low er sales
 - Material costs increased.

Photovoltaic power generation business



Actual installations



Despite a fall in the number of projects for selling the full amount of the power generated, such as photovoltaic power generation systems with land reflecting the FIT system revision, the number of installations in self consumption and surplus projects is on the rise.

■ Trends of components relating to photovoltaic power generation

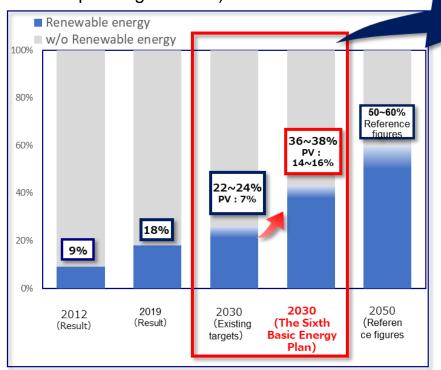


Prices of polysilicon, the major raw material for solar cell modules, had been rising rapidly, but in addition to the easing of the impact of power restrictions, prices are also falling at present as supply is increasing due to the start of operations at new plants of major manufacturers. In China, investment to expand production capacity is becoming more active and is expected to double from the current capacity by the end of 2022.

Trend toward expansion of domestic market of photovoltaic power generation



■ Changes in and forecast for the percentage of energy that is from renewable sources (based on the amount of power generated)



Existing Target (2030)

Power-Supply Mix Renewable energy 22~24% Breakdown PV 7.0% Wind 1.7% Geothermal 1.0~1.1% Hydropower 8.8~9.2% Biomass 3.7~4.6%

> PV **64GW**

The Sixth Basic Energy Plan (2030)

Power-Supply Mix Renewable energy 36~38%× Breakdown

14~16%

5% Wind Geothermal

1% 11% Hydropower Biomass 5%

*The percentage should be 38% or greater once the utilization and implementation of the outcome of our ongoing research and development of renewable energy progress.

> PV 103.5~117.6GW

*Source: The Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry's Overview of the Basic Energy Plan. The Company edited the graph for inclusion in this publication.

Introduction and expansion of renewable energy using the FIT System

[Toward FY2022]

Implementation of the Act for Establishing Energy Supply Resilience (FIP System)

Implementation of the Revised Act on Promotion of Global Warming Countermeasures

Strengthen policy responses to the introduction and expansion of renewable energy based on the Sixth Basic Energy Plan

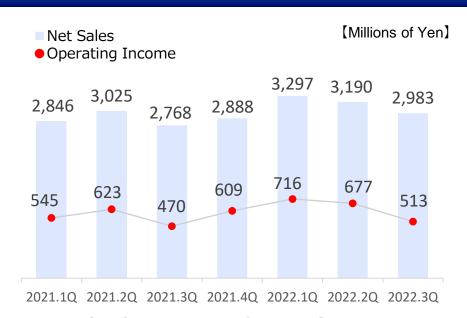
Responsible ministries work to introduce and expand renewable energy

Introduction and deployment led by local governments

Penetration of the business model into the introduction and expansion of mainly PPA

Results by segment of FY2021 3Q(HS Division)





Main factors for change

■ Net Sales +830million yen

[+]

- Increase in the number of works for preventing termite resulting from an increase in the number of newly contracted customers
- · Increase in foundation repair and housing reinforcement systems from the development of the customer base
- · Improvement in sales efficiency
- · Increase in orders from business partners

■ Operating Income +268million yen

[+]

- · Increase in profit due to higher sales
- [-]
- · Increase in personnel expenses resulting from the active reinforcement of manpower
- · Increase in sales commissions due to higher net sales

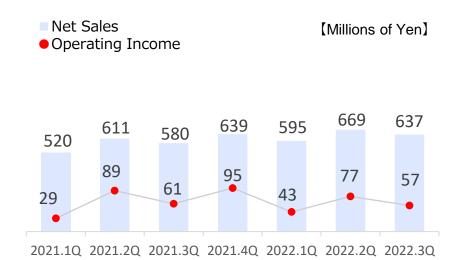
■ Net Sales by segment/Operating Income

(Millions of Yen)

		FY2021 3Q	FY202	FY2020 3Q		3Q Plan
		Result	Difference	YoY	Difference	Plan ratio
Net Sales		9,471	+ 830	109.6%	+ 38	100.4%
	Termite control construction	2,804	+ 65	102.4%	-65	97.7%
	Under-floor/attic ventilation system	2,422	+ 188	108.5%	+ 0	100.0%
	Foundation Repair/ Home Reinforcement System	1,549	+ 275	121.6%	+ 51	103.4%
	Others	2,694	+ 300	112.6%	+ 51	102.0%
Gross Profit		5,929	+ 642	112.1%	+ 92	101.6%
Operating Income		1,908	+ 268	116.4%	+ 30	101.6%

Results by segment of FY2021 3Q(ES Division)





Main factors for change

■ Net Sales +189 million yen

- (+) Growth in sales of Daelman Shock (anti-rust equipment), mainly reflecting an increase in the number of business partners and the expansion of sales areas
 - · Increase in water supply and drainage repair resulting from the development of the customer base

■ Operating Income -2million yen

[+] • Increase in profit due to higher sales

- [_] · Increase in personnel expenses resulting from the active reinforcement of manpower
 - Increase in sales commissions due to higher net sales

■ Net Sales by segment/Operating Income

(Millions of Yen)

					,	
		FY2021 3Q	FY2020 3Q		FY2021 3Q Plan	
		Result	Difference	YoY	Difference	Plan ratio
Net Sales		1,902	+ 189	111.1%	-34	98.2%
	Anti-rust equipment installation	942	+ 66	107.7%	-54	94.5%
	Others	959	+ 122	114.6%	+ 19	102.1%
Gross Profit		1,010	+ 87	109.5%	-32	96.8%
Operating Income		178	-2	98.7%	-13	93.0%

Update on Store Openings and Changes in Number of Personnel by Division



■ Changes in Number of Personnel by Division (consolidated)

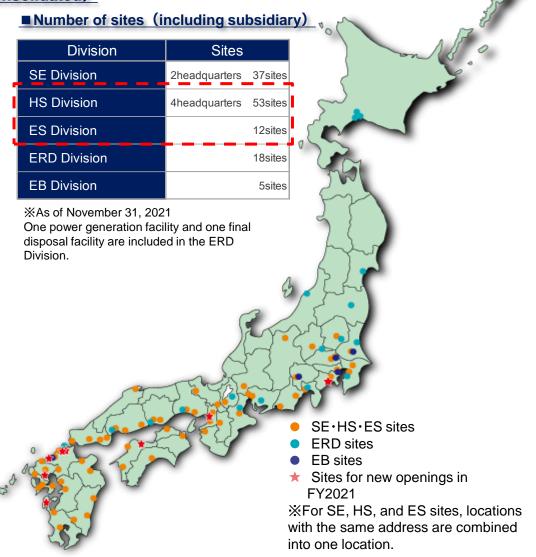
Number of personnel (consolidated)	FY2020	At the end of Dec 2021	Change	FY2021
(consolidated)	Result	Result		Plan
SE Division	344	327	-17	347
HS Division	747	797	+ 50	861
ES Division	136	147	+ 11	175
ERD Division	426	438	+ 12	467
EB Division	81	74	-7	87
Headquarter	293	282	-11	311
Total	2,027	2,065	+ 38	2,248

Site o	pening	status	(FY2021)

- ·May 2021 HS Amakusa site, HS Niihama site
- June 2021 ES KitaOsaka site, ES Kitakyushu site
- ·July 2021 ES Shinyokohama site
- ·September 2021 HS Takeo site
- ·November 2021 HS Yahata site
- ·December 2021 HS Fukuoka Nishi site

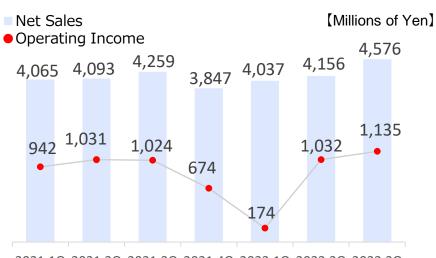
Scheduled site opening from March 2023

·April 2022 HS Makurazaki site



Results by segment of FY2021 3Q(ERD Division)





2021.1Q 2021.2Q 2021.3Q 2021.4Q 2022.1Q 2022.2Q 2022.3Q

Main factors for the change

■ Net Sales + 352million yen

- [+] Increase in the amount of waste plastics accepted
 - Increase in the amount of organic waste liquid accepted
- Decrease in the amount of power generated due to the suspension of operations during the legally required power plant inspection

■ Operating Income -655million yen

- Increase in profit due to the increase of the amount of waste accepted
- Loss of profit due to the suspension of operations during the legally required power plant inspection
 - Increase in repair expenses due to the legally required power plant inspection.

■ Net Sales by segment/Operating Income

(Mil	lions	οf	Yen)
(1*111	110115	OI.	

	, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	FY2021 3Q	FY202	20 3Q	FY2021 3Q Plan	
		Result	Difference	YoY	Difference	Plan ratio
Net Sales		12,770	+ 352	102.8%	+ 166	101.3%
-	Plastic fuel	8,071	+ 247	103.2%	+ 135	101.7%
	Power Plant	2,123	-136	94.0%	-123	94.5%
	Organic Waste liquid treatment	1,529	+ 120	108.6%	+ 28	101.9%
	Landfill	682	+ 97	116.7%	+ 103	117.9%
	Others	363	+ 22	106.7%	+ 21	106.4%
Gross Profit		3,677	-635	85.3%	+ 117	103.3%
Operating Income		2,342	-655	78.1%	+ 115	105.2%

Changes in operating income for the ERD Division



■ Implementation of a legally required inspection at the Tomakomai Power Plant (from late March until the end of April)

- A legally required inspection was conducted at the Tomakomai Power Plant from late March until the
 end of April in 2021. Income from sales of electricity declined during the inspection period and 705
 million yen was posted as repair expenses (including 679 million yen for repair expenses related to the
 legally required inspection) in the first quarter under review. As a result, operating income decreased.
- In November 2021, the Company conducted its voluntary regular inspection, and has been able to secure stable operating income.

*Legally required inspections: Once every two years (turbines: every four years, boilers: every two years)



Transitions of the volume of waste plastics accepted and the unit price for their treatment

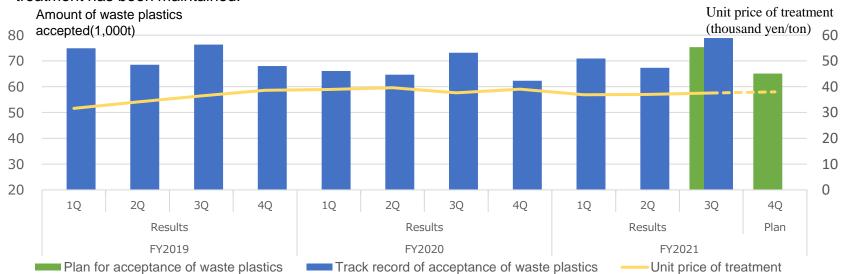


■ Volume of waste plastics accepted (YOY: 106.3%)

- We have a plan to accept a greater volume of waste plastics in FY2021.
- The volume of waste plastics accepted dropped in FY2020 because of a greater focus on waste plastics' qualitative
 improvements for use as fuel after the impact of the OVID-19. In FY2021, the volume of waste plastics accepted rose 6.3%
 year on year because of factors such as the intensification of sales activities for increasing the volume accepted.

Unit price of treatment of waste plastics

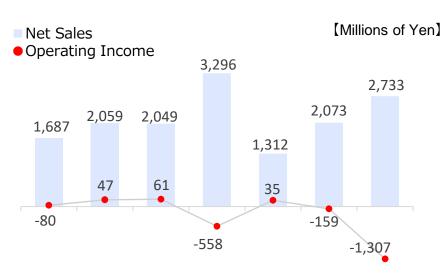
- The unit price relatively rose since we started focusing more on waste plastics' qualitative improvements for use as fuel in FY2019.
- In FY2021, we have been accepting more waste plastics while retaining their quality for use as fuel. The unit price of treatment has been maintained.



*Unit price of treatment = Sales of plastic fuel divided by the amount of waste plastics accepted

Results by segment of FY2021 3Q(EB Division)





Main factors for the change

■ Net Sales +324million yen

(Millions of Yen)

- [+] · Increase in the number of retail contracts resulting from the use of comparison websites, etc. (profit from electric power selling)
- Decrease in sales due to change in the scheme for electric power wholesale. (See the chart below)

■ Operating Income -1,460million yen

- [] · Increase in procurement costs due to a prolonged period of soaring market prices and a decline in the negotiated procurement ratio
 - · Increase in personnel expenses due to an increase in the number of staff members

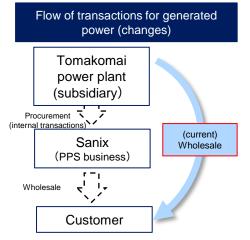
2021.1Q 2021.2Q 2021.3Q 2021.4Q 2022.1Q 2022.2Q 2022.3Q

■ Net Sales by segment/Operating Income

					(Finite is en Terr)		
		FY2021 3Q	FY202	20 3Q	FY2021 3Q Plan		
		Result	Difference	YoY	Difference	Plan ratio	
Net Sales		6,120	+ 324	105.6%	+ 83	101.4%	
	Sales of Electricity	5,776	+ 398	107.4%	+ 174	103.1%	
	Others	344	-73	82.4%	-90	79.1%	
Gross Profit		(938)	-1,421	_	-1,155	_	
Operating Income		(1,432)	-1,460	_	-1,136	_	

(Reference)

Adjustment of intersegment sales (34) + 1,667 - -8 -



*Sanix (PPS business) engaged in the sale of electric power in the previous fiscal year

Consolidated financial condition



(Million of Yen)

		FY2020	FY2021	FY2	020
		As of March 31	As of Dec. 31	Difference	Ratio
	Current Assets	14,633	15,831	+ 1,198	108.2%
Non-Current Assets		18,306	20,799	+ 2,492	113.6%
Т	otal Assets	32,940	36,631	+ 3,691	111.2%
	Current Liablities	16,861	20,109	+ 3,247	119.3%
	Non-Current Liabilities	7,981	8,689	+ 707	108.9%
	Total Liabilities	24,842	28,798	+ 3,955	115.9%
Total Net Assets		8,097	7,832	-264	96.7%
Т	otal Liablities and Assets	32,940	36,631	+ 3,691	111.2%

Current Assets +353M Non-Current Assets +1,046M Currents Liabilities +1,412M

Capital investment/Depreciation for the nine months ended December 31,2021



■ Capital investment/Depreciation

(Millions of Yen)

	FY2020	FY2021
	Full-Year	3Q Result
Capital Investment	3,083	2,521
Depreciation	1,097	1,002

■ Depreciation by segment

(Millions of Yen)

	FY2020	FY2021
	Full-Year	3Q Result
SE Divisin	116	18
HS Division	30	43
ES Division	8	3
ERD Division	2,248	2,212
EB Division	13	25
Headquarter	666	218
Total	3,083	2,521

Major capital investment(3Q Result)	
 Investment related to the Tomakomai Power plan :¥384N 	
 Investment related to the disposal of plastic was :¥911N 	
 Investment related to the introduction of self 	
consumption photovoltaic power generation systen	ns
at factories and other facilities :¥124	М
 Investment related to the landfill :¥685 	4
Investment related to core systems :¥118	М



Financial results forecast for FY2021

Financial results forecast for FY2021



Concerning the projection of full-year consolidated results for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2022, revisions have been made in accordance with results of the consolidated cumulative third quarter on January 28, 2022.

(Millions of Yen)

	FY2020		FY2021		Comparison with FY2020		
	Result	Revised plan(11/12)	Revised plan(1/28)	Difference	Difference	YoY	
Net Sales	47,762	50,318	50,755	+ 436	+ 2,993	106.3%	
Cost of Sales	30,780	33,688	38,194	+ 4,505	+ 7,413	124.1%	
Gross Profit	16,981	16,629	12,560	-4,069	-4,420	74.0%	
(Gross Profit Margin)	35.6%	33.0%	24.7%				
Selling, general and administrative expenses	14,701	14,802	14,790	-12	+ 88	100.6%	
Operating Income	2,279	1,827	(2,229)	-4,057	-4,509		
(Operating Income Margin)	4.8%	3.6%	_				
Ordinary Income	2,045	1,621	(2,435)	-4,056	-4,480		
(Ordinary Income Margin)	4.3%	3.2%	_				
Profit (loss) attributable to owners	1,918	819	(2,803)	-3,622	-4,721	_	
(Net Income Margin)	4.0%	1.6%	_				

^{*}Comparisons use figures calculated assuming the Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition (ASBJ Statement No. 29.) etc., were applied in the fiscal year ended March 31, 2021.

Financial results forecast for FY2021 by segment



(Millions of Yen)

	FY2020		FY2021			Comparison with FY2020	
	Result	Revised plan(11/12)	Revised plan(1/28)	Difference	Difference	YoY	
Net Sales	47,762	50,318	50,755	+ 436	+ 2,993	106.3%	
SE Division	10,646	8,593	8,593	+ 0	-2,053	80.7%	
HS Division	11,530	12,510	12,510	+ 0	+ 980	108.5%	
ES Division	2,351	2,756	2,756	+ 0	+ 405	117.2%	
ERD Division	16,265	16,693	16,693	+ 0	+ 427	102.6%	
EB Division	9,091	9,799	10,237	+ 437	+ 1,145	112.6%	
Adjustment of inter- segment sales	(2,123)	(35)	(36)	-1	+ 2,087	_	
Operating Income	2,279	1,827	(2,229)	-4,057	-4,509	_	
SE Division	203	(248)	(248)	+ 0	-452	_	
HS Division	2,248	2,420	2,420	+ 0	+ 172	107.7%	
ES Division	276	313	313	+ 0	+ 36	113.3%	
ERD Division	3,673	3,062	3,062	+ 0	-611	83.4%	
EB Division	(529)	(244)	(4,301)	-4,057	-3,771	_	
Group	(3,593)	(3,476)	(3,476)	+ 0	+ 116	_	

Segment Forecast for FY2021(SE Division)



(Millions of Yen)

	FY2020		FY2021		Comparison	Comparison with FY2020	
	Result	Revised plan(11/12)	Revised plan(1/28)	Difference	Difference	YoY	
Net Sales	10,646	8,593	8,593	+ 0	-2,053	80.7%	
Sales and installation of PV system	10,346	8,443	8,443	+ 0	-1,903	81.6%	
Wholesale of PV system	210	70	70	+ 0	-139	33.7%	
Others	89	78	78	+ 0	-10	87.9%	
Costs of Sales	7,544	6,345	6,345	+ 0	-1,198	84.1%	
Material costs	4,474	3,577	3,577	+ 0	-896	80.0%	
Labor costs	653	912	912	+ 0	+ 258	139.6%	
Gross Profit	3,102	2,247	2,247	+ 0	-855	72.4%	
SG&A	2,898	2,496	2,496	+ 0	-402	86.1%	
Personnel expenses	1,583	1,197	1,197	+ 0	-385	75.6%	
Operating Income	203	(248)	(248)	+ 0	-452	_	

Segment Forecast for FY2021(HS Division)



(Millions of Yen)

	FY2020		FY2021		Comparison	Comparison with FY2020	
	Result	Revised plan(11/12)	Revised plan(1/28)	Difference	Difference	YoY	
Net Sales	11,530	12,510	12,510	+ 0	+ 980	108.5%	
Termite control construction	3,548	3,895	3,895	+ 0	+ 346	109.8%	
Under-floor/attic ventilation system	2,965	3,201	3,201	+ 0	+ 236	108.0%	
Foundation Repair/ Home Reinforcement	1,759	2,027	2,027	+ 0	+ 268	115.2%	
Others	3,256	3,386	3,386	+ 0	+ 129	104.0%	
Costs of Sale	4,466	4,876	4,876	+ 0	+ 410	109.2%	
Labor costs	1,588	1,735	1,735	+ 0	+ 147	109.3%	
Gross Profit	7,063	7,633	7,633	+ 0	+ 570	108.1%	
SG & A	4,814	5,212	5,212	+ 0	+ 398	108.3%	
Personnel expenses	3,065	3,193	3,193	+ 0	+ 127	104.2%	
Operating Income	2,248	2,420	2,420	+ 0	+ 172	107.7%	

Segment Forecast for FY2021(ES Division)



(Millions of Yen)

	FY2020		FY2021		Comparison	with FY2020
	Result	Revised plan(11/12)	Revised plan(1/28)	Difference	Difference	YoY
Net Sales	2,351	2,756	2,756	+ 0	+ 405	117.2%
Anti-rust equipment installation	1,214	1,411	1,411	+ 0	+ 197	116.2%
Other	1,137	1,345	1,345	+ 0	+ 208	118.3%
Cost of Sales	1,071	1,287	1,287	+ 0	+ 215	120.1%
Labor costs	255	287	287	+ 0	+ 32	112.6%
Gross Profit	1,279	1,469	1,469	+ 0	+ 189	114.8%
SG & A	1,003	1,156	1,156	+ 0	+ 153	115.3%
Personnel expenses	592	664	664	+ 0	+ 72	112.2%
Operating Income	276	313	313	+ 0	+ 36	113.3%

Segment Forecast for FY2021(ERD Division)



(Millions of Yen)

		FY2020		FY2021		Comparison	with FY2020
		Result	Revised plan(11/12)	Revised plan(1/28)	Difference	Difference	YoY
Ne	et Sales	16,265	16,693	16,693	+ 0	+ 427	102.6%
	Plastic fuel	10,233	10,410	10,410	+ 0	+ 176	101.7%
	Power Plant	3,004	3,176	3,176	+ 0	+ 172	105.7%
	Organic Waste liquid treatment	1,863	1,956	1,956	+ 0	+ 93	105.0%
	Landfill	713	712	712	+ 0	+ 0	99.9%
	Others	450	437	437	+ 0	-13	97.0%
Co	est of Sales	10,833	11,849	11,849	+ 0	+ 1,016	109.4%
ı	Labor costs	1,901	1,899	1,899	+ 0	-2	99.9%
Gr	oss Profit	5,432	4,843	4,843	+ 0	-588	89.2%
SG	6 & A	1,758	1,781	1,781	+ 0	+ 22	101.3%
	Personnel expenses	1,092	1,098	1,098	+ 0	+ 6	100.6%
Ор	erating Income	3,673	3,062	3,062	+ 0	-611	83.4%

Segment Forecast for FY2021(EB Division)



(Millions of Yen)

		FY2020		FY2021	Comparison with FY2020		
		Result	Revised plan(11/12)	Revised plan(1/28)	Difference	Difference	YoY
Net Sales		9,091	9,799	10,237	+ 437	+ 1,145	112.6%
	Sales of Electricity	8,506	9,109	9,547	+ 437	+ 1,040	112.2%
	Others	585	690	690	+ 0	+ 105	118.0%
Cost of Sales		8,988	9,364	13,871	+ 4,507	+ 4,883	154.3%
	Material costs	8,719	9,079	13,586	+ 4,507	+ 4,867	155.8%
Gross Profit		103	435	(3,633)	-4,069	-3,737	_
S	G & A	632	679	667	-12	+ 34	105.4%
	Personnel expenses	361	399	391	-7	+ 30	108.3%
С	perating Income	(529)	(244)	(4,301)	-4,057	-3,771	_



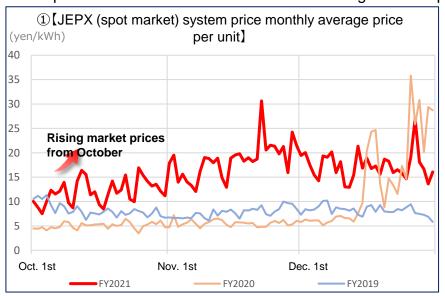
■ Deficit factors

1) Soaring market prices on the Japan Electric Power Exchange

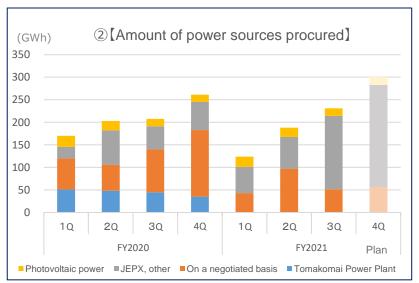
In the third quarter under review, the market prices on the Japan Electric Power Exchange (hereinafter "JEPX")
rose more than the Company had expected from November onward and remained at a high level for a long period
of time, resulting in an increase in the procurement prices for electricity purchases.

2Change in power sources procured by the Company (Increase in percentage of market procurement)

As other companies also procured electricity on a negotiated basis in preparation for the demand season, there
was a shortage of negotiated power sources, and the price of negotiated power sources increased due to the
sharp rise in market prices, resulting in unmet conditions, etc. Consequently, the percentage of market
procurement has increased due to our being forced to procure from JEPX.







^{*}In the fiscal year ending March 31, 2022, the electric power generated by Tomakomai Power Plant is sold direct wholesale through our subsidiary SANIX ENERGY INCORPORATED.

Difference from the previous period and the plan in the PPS business



■ Difference from the previous period

- In FY2020, fuel stock for LNG-based thermal power generation decreased, resulting in a lack of a sustainable supply capacity. In addition, market prices on the JEPX soared (over 200 yen/kWh at one point) from mid-December 2020 to late January 2021 due to increased heating demand caused by an intense cold snap. Since we had secured the negotiated procurement volume in advance, we were able to limit procurement from the JEPX to a certain level and reduce the impact of the price increases.
- On the other hand, in FY2021, although there was no shortage of LNG fuel stock in Japan, the market price has remained high for the long period of time from October 2021 to the present due to concerns about power shortages caused by the low level of the electricity supply reserve ratio. In addition, as other companies also procured electricity on a negotiated basis in preparation for the demand season, there was a shortage of negotiated power sources, and the price also rose. As a result, procurement on a negotiated basis became sluggish and the ratio of procurement from the JEPX has increased.

■ Difference from the plan

- On November 12, 2021, we revised financial results forecast for FY2021 based on the wholesale power price
 forecasting service following a rise in the market price of electric power on the JEPX in October 2021. As the market
 price on the JEPX continued to rise beyond our expectations from November and remained at a high level for a long
 period of time, electricity procurement costs increased in the third quarter under review, deviating significantly from our
 plan.
- Even in the fourth quarter of the fiscal year ending March 31, 2022, the market price on the JEPX also remained high. In addition, since the Company relies on the JEPX for a certain amount of its power supply, it expects a large increase in power procurement costs and has revised its full-year financial results forecast.

Market Price Forecast on the Japan Electric Power Exchange



■ Market Price Forecast on the Japan Electric Power Exchange

- The market price on the JEPX has been rising since October and has remained high since January.
- We expect that the JEPX (spot market) market price will be around 23.0 yen/kWh in January, 23.0 yen/kWh in February, and 17.5 yen/kWh in March.

■ Trends in the JEPX (spot market) system price monthly average price per unit

FY2021	the JEPX (spot market) system price monthly average	63.00	(yen/kWh)
Apr. 2021	6.69	25.00	
May. 2021	6.74	25.00	
Jun. 2021	7.12	20.00	
Jul. 2021	8.05		
Aug. 2021	8.58	15.00	
Sep. 2021	7.91	10.00	
Oct. 2021	12.06	10.00	
Nov. 2021	18.48	5.00	
Dec. 2021	17.35		
Jan 2022(forecast/actual)	23.00/21.94	0.00	
Feb. 2022 (forecast)	23.00		Apr. May. Jun. Jul. Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb. Mar.
Mar. 2022 (forecast)	17.50		——FY2017 ——FY2018 ——FY2019 ——FY2020 ——FY2021

A JPEX material on the spot market index edited by the Company

The above table shows the monthly average price per unit trend of the JEPX (spot market) prices (simple monthly average of system prices (48 frames per day in 30-minute units)), which is important market data related to our electricity procurement.

The market price forecast for the JEPX is based on our own projections in light of recent conditions.

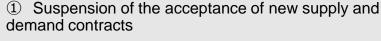
Review of the PPS business portfolio



FY2021

- Positioned as a growth business that will become a pillar of the business and expand revenue
- Take flexible measures such as raising the ratio of negotiated procurement in preparation for demand season.

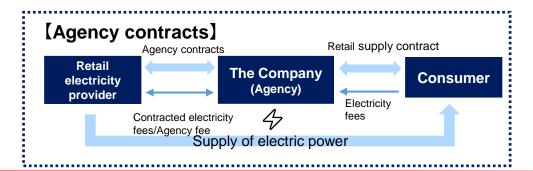
A prolonged spike in the JEPX market prices Lack of procurement of negotiated power sources in winter



- ② Negotiation on revision of unit prices, etc. of supply contractors
- 3 Request that retail customers cooperate in electricity conservation

FY2022

- Shift to a business structure that minimizes market risks
- Rather than focusing on growth through sales expansion, aim to create synergy with other businesses by strengthening functional aspects
 - ① Adjust supply to match the scale of negotiated procurement and minimize market procurement.
 - ② Consider shifting part of contracts for retail sales to agency contracts

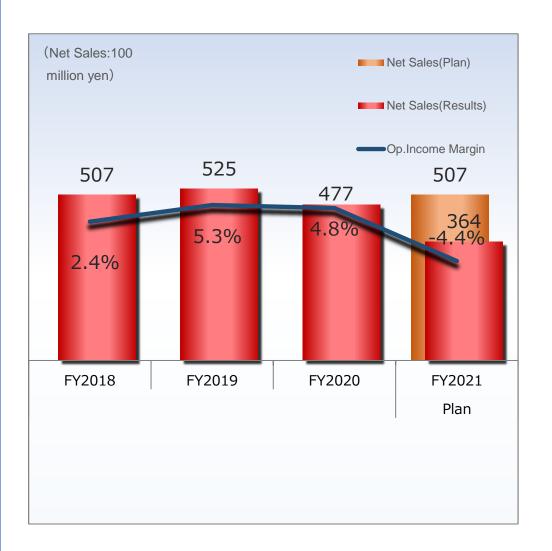


*Agency contracts

A type in which the intermediary agency concludes an intermediary contract with a retail electricity provider and sells the electricity procured by the retail electricity provider to consumers The responsibility for power supply lies with the retail electricity provider.

Forecast for FY2021





Forecast for FY2021

Net Sales:¥ 50,755 million

Op. Income:¥-2,229million

Op. Income Margin:-4.4%

^{*}Comparisons use figures calculated assuming the Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition (ASBJ Statement No. 29.) etc., were applied in the fiscal year ended March 31, 2021.

Important Management Indicators



		FY2018 Result	FY2019 Result	FY2020 Result	FY2021 Revised Plan (Nov.12 2021)	FY2021 Revised Plan (Jan. 28 2022)
		- 0-0/				
Return on equity	ROE	5.85%	36.31%	27.87%	10.00%	_
Return on total assets	ROA	3.88%	8.16%	6.39%	5.00%	
Equity ratio		13.42%	18.55%	24.50%	26.00%	13.50%
Return on invested						
Capital	ROIC	2.31%	10.77%	11.19%	5.00%	_



Topics

Selection of the Prime Market Following the Transition to the New Market Segments



■ New market segments

- Transition to the new market scheduled for April 4, 2022
 - Confirmation of compliance with the listing maintenance standards of the Prime Market
 ⇒Prime Market selected by resolution of the Board of Directors at the meeting held on December 27, 2021



The above has been created by the Company based on the website of the Tokyo Stock Exchange.

Strengthen governance structure for the transition to the Prime Market

(Japanese only)

Corporate Governance Report (December 27,2021) :https://sanix.jp/ir/pdf/cg/cg20211227.pdf

Basic Policy on Corporate Governance (Revised December 27, 2021 :https://sanix.jp/ir/pdf/cg/governance.pdf

Results of the selection of new market segments by listed companies on the Tokyo Stock Exchange

:https://www.jpx.co.jp/equities/market-restructure/results/index.html

(Release of December 27,2021)

Recycled Oil Bio Fuel Selected as Kitakyushu Eco Premium

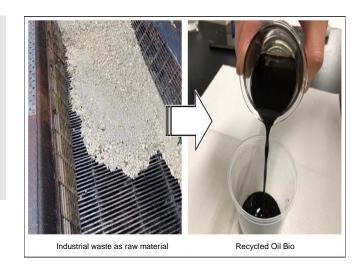


■ Recycled Oil Bio Fuel Selected as Kitakyushu Eco Premium

Recycled Oil Bio, a recycled fuel derived from industrial waste (organic liquid waste) that is manufactured and sold
at the Hibiki factory, was selected to be one of the Ichioshi Eco-Premiums as a product with a particularly high
evaluation among the Kitakyushu Eco Premiums.

■ What is Recycled Oil Bio?

- It is recycled fuel that can be used as an alternative to fossil fuels by removing trash and sludge from industrial waste such as waste water and sludge generated by restaurant chains, and separating and recovering only the oil content.
- It is a carbon-neutral fuel made from oil derived from vegetables and animals. By utilizing unused resources, it both reduces and recycles the industrial waste generated by cities, making the waste into a product that can contribute to environmental conservation toward the achievement of a decarbonized society.



Since the amount of heat generated by the fuel is close to heavy oil, it is being sold as an alternative fuel to heavy oil, and the Company is aiming to expand its business with a view toward increased sales in the future.

(Release of November 19,2021)

Obtainment of a new permit for industrial waste disposal



■ Obtained a new permit for the disposal of industrial waste oil.

New equipment was installed at a total cost of 190 million yen in conjunction with the acquisition of a new permit for
waste oil in the industrial waste disposal business at the Hibiki factory. This makes it possible to accept oily waste
liquids discharged from oil and fat manufacturing industries and restaurants.

■ Types of industrial waste that can be handled at the Hibiki factory

Method of treatment	Туре		
Pulverization	Waste plastics		
Neutralization	Waste acid		
ineutralization	Waste alkali		
Dehydration	Sludge		
Denydration	Animal and vegetable residues		
Oil/water separation	Waste oil		

- The Hibiki factory already produces and sells Recycled Oil Bio, a recycled fuel made by separating and recovering
 the oil generated in the waste liquid treatment process, with the goal of creating carbon-neutral fuels using
 previously unused resources. The addition of waste oil will enable the factory to focus more on fuel production in
 the future.
- Going forward, the Company will further expand the range of waste it collects and work on developing technology
 to convert the sludge and oil generated in the treatment process into fuel, so that fuel production can become a
 pillar of its business.

(Release of December 9,2021)

Initiative for the realization of a decarbonized society

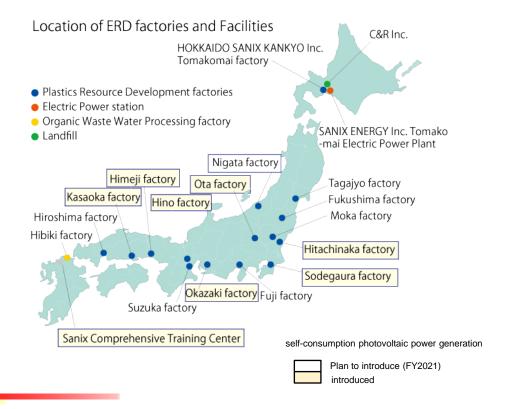


■ Introduction of self consumption-type photovoltaic power generation facilities at the

Company (8 sites) (Total volume of annual reduction of CO₂ emissions from these facilities: approx. 299 tons)

The Company's photovoltaic power generation business provides a comprehensive service including the manufacturing, installation and maintenance of photovoltaic equipment. The equipment installed at our facilities using our own solar panels were designed and installed in-house. In addition, these facilities will provide valuable data for a range of businesses including the photovoltaic power generation business to create an example of photovoltaic power generation for self-consumption, with a view toward the popularization of renewable energy.

		< Tota	>			
<overview< td=""><td>w of the</td><td>■System capacity</td><td>: 707.24kW</td></overview<>	w of the	■System capacity	: 707.24kW			
facilitie	es>	■Power expected to be	: 570,795kWh			
		generated annually				
		■Effect of CO₂ emission	· Approx 299t			
<himeji fa<="" td=""><td>ctory></td><td>< Okazaki fa</td><td>actory ></td></himeji>	ctory>	< Okazaki fa	actory >			
■System capacity	: 74.59kW	■System capacity	: 99.84kW			
■Power expected to be	: 59,264kWh	■Power expected to be	: 77,688kWh			
generated annually	generated annually					
■Effect of CO₂ emission	: Approx.31t	■Effect of CO₂ emission	: Approx.41t			
<hitachinaka< td=""><td>factory></td><td colspan="5">< Kasaoka factory ></td></hitachinaka<>	factory>	< Kasaoka factory >				
■System capacity	: 60.00kW	■System capacity	: 80.32kW			
■Power expected to be	: 49,009kWh	■Power expected to be	: 69,524kWh			
generated annually		generated annually				
■Effect of CO₂ emission	: Approx.26t	■Effect of CO₂ emission	: Approx.36t			
<sani< td=""><td>х</td><td colspan="4">< Hino facotory ></td></sani<>	х	< Hino facotory >				
■System capacity	: 117.16kW	■System capacity	: 74.40kW			
■Power expected to be	: 76,230kWh	■Power expected to be	: 60,324kWh			
generated annually		generated annually				
■Effect of CO₂ emission	: Approx.40t	■Effect of CO₂ emission	: Approx.32t			
< Sodegaura factory >		< Ota factory >				
■System capacity : 75.31kW		■System capacity	: 125.62kW			
■Power expected to be	: 67,488kWh	■Power expected to be	: 111,268kWh			
generated annually		generated annually				
■Effect of CO₂ emission	: Approx.35t	■Effect of CO₂ emission	: Approx.58t			





Business outline

Our Philosophy and business domain



Corporate Philosophy "Clean and comfortable environment for the next generation"

Energy

- S E Div.
- E B Div.

Make it common "Energy with low environmental impact"

Main power source for renewable energy, distributed power source, self-consumption, microgrid, VPP

Make it common "A comfortable living environment is linked to the next generation"

Long-life quality housing, securing housing stock, formulation of Pre-owned housing distribution market

Residential Environment

- HS Div.
- ES Div.

Resource circulation

• ERD Div.

Make it common "Recycling resources without abandoning them

Basic Environmental Plan, Promotion of Recycling-Oriented Society, Plastic Resource Recycling Strategy

Business structure of the SE Division



Business structure of the SE Division

Provision of a total service including manufacturing, sales, installation and maintenance.

Development and manufacturing

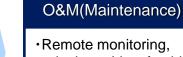
- •Factory owned by the Company (solar panels and ancillary devices)
- Development of bases

Sales

- •Simulation based on onsite surveys
- ·Various procedures
- •Bundled sales of storage batteries

Constructs

- Detailed design
- Installation work
- ·Electrical work



- •Remote monitoring, and others, List of paid maintenance services
- ·Warranty systems

Conventionally

Feed-in tariff system



Flow-type business









Factories, offices, etc.

Flow-type business

Maintenance, etc



Stock-type business

The Company will build systems to support in every operational aspect, including maintenance, the reuse and recycling of power plant facilities and components in addition to conventionally managed manufacturing and installation.

Business structure of the HS Division



Business structure of the HS Division

Termite control construction

- ·Guarantee for 5 years,
- ·Periodic inspections once each year

Providing services and products to respond to the range of needs associated with housing.

Flow chart for customer base development

New Customers

Establishment of a customer base

New Customers

Guarantee for 5 years.

periodic inspections

once each year



Re-

Guarantee for 5 years, periodic inspections once each year



Re-

disinfection

Visits, fliers and referrals

Development and response to new demand through the establishment of trust relationships with customers

Under-floor /attic ventilation system

Measures to prevent moisture from invading houses

Foundation Repair

Repair of foundation cracks Measures to reduce new cracks

Home Reinforcement System

Systems for enhancing the seismic resistance and durability of houses

Others

Products for the improvement of living environments including renovations

Business structure of the ES Division



Business structure of the ES Division



Major services and products

Water supply and drainage repair

- ·Anti-rust equipment installation (Daelman Shock)
- •Piping work (repair and replacement of water supply and drainage pipes)
- ·Water service work

Structure maintenance services

Building rooftops
Application of waterproof
paints to external walls,
etc.

Others

Measures to prevent environmental pollution, etc.

SANIX/PCO services

Pest and vermin control service ,HACCP

Restaurants, Hotels, Food factories, etc.



Annual contract (inspection and disinfection to be conducted once a month)



1st Year

Renewal rates are high due to annual contracts

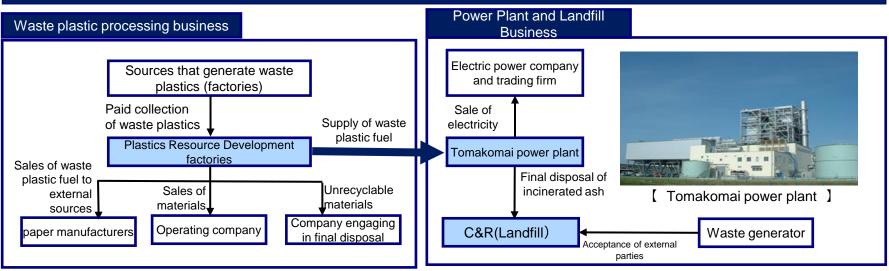


Business structure of the ERD Division (i)



Business structure of the ERD Division

Resource recycling power generation system Business

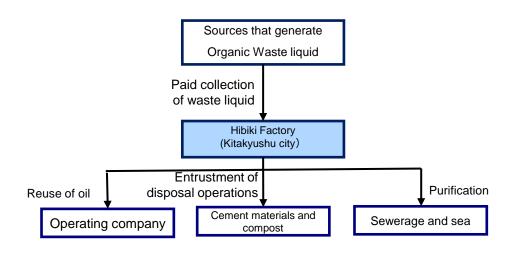


- Fifteen plastic resource development factories located across the nation engage in the collection of waste plastics generated at companies' manufacturing factories, with fees for disposal.
- Collected waste plastics are processed into waste plastic fuel and supplied to the Tomakomai Power Plant.
- Power is generated using the waste plastic fuel at the Tomakomai Power Plant and sold to electric power companies and trading firms.
- In addition to the power plant, waste plastic fuel is sold externally to paper manufacturers, or for use as a raw material.
- The incinerated ash generated by the Tomakomai Plant goes through the final disposal process at C&R (a Tomakomai-based company that operates landfill sites)

Business structure of the ERD Division (ii)



Organic Waste liquid treatment





【 Hibiki Factory 】

*The Hibiki factory is the largest facility in Japan specializing in the treatment of liquid waste.

- Organic waste liquid generated by food and beverage factories is collected with fees for disposal
- Collected organic waste liquid is purified using microbe-based treatment at the Hibiki factory (Kitakyushu City)
- After purification, the treated water is reused as recycled waste liquid, or discharged into sewers or the sea after confirmation that it satisfies discharge standards.
- Dehydrated sludge generated in the treatment process is reused as or converted into cement materials or compost

Business structure of the EB Division (i)



Business structure of the EB Division

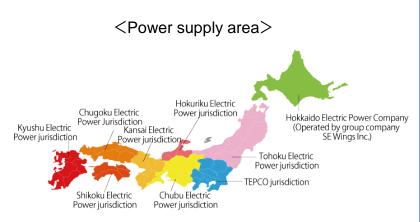
PPS (Electricity retail)

- Power can be supplied to offices and homes in the service areas of nine electric power companies.
- Efforts are made to respond to new demand through the sale of high environmental value added power(RE100%, zero CO₂ emissions, etc.).

Procurement of electricity Procurement on a negotiation basis Photovoltaic power generation (FIT-based electricity) In-house power plant JEPX, etc.

SANIX





Business structure of the EB Division (ii)



Energy Business Development

■ In its development of the energy business, the Company undertakes a business in collaboration with other companies including TEPCO group companies to 1) popularize a power supply service in which third party-owned photovoltaic power generation systems are used (a third party-owned power generation model), 2) install photovoltaic power generation systems and 3) sell equipment for the generation or storage of energy such as storage batteries and V2H devices, with an eye on the establishment of next-generation energy systems mainly featuring a decentralized energy system leveraging the self-consumption of renewable energy and storage batteries.

Third party-owned photovoltaic power generation systems (PPA)

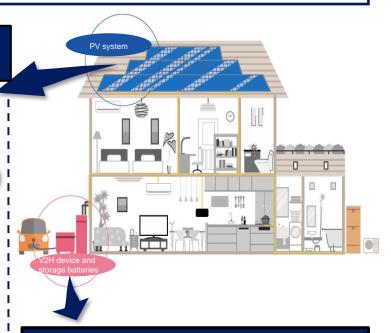
Operator Consumer Construction of photovoltaic power generation systems at no charge. Purchase of power generated In-house installation using solar panels manufactured by the Company Conclusion of power supply-demand switching electric power companies) Payment for the portion of electricity consumed. (Collection and sale of surplus <Advantages) Contract period: 10 or 20 years The supply of solar panels (When the contract matures, ownership is transferred to is no charge and electricity becomes cheaper.

*Third party-owned photovoltaic power generation

power generated to the consumer.

In this service, a PPA operator installs a photovoltaic power generation system on

the rooftop of a power consumer's (customer's) house at no charge, and sells the



V2H device and storage batteries

V2H: Vehicle to Home

Installation and sales of V2H in cooperation with Mitsubishi Motors' sales companies, among other parties.



Supplementary materials (Results overview)

Financial Results of FY2021 3Q



	FY2020 3Q			FY2021 3Q		
	Result	Result	YoY	Difference from FY2020 3Q	Plan	Difference from Plan
Net Sales	34,601	36,453	105.4%	+ 1,851	36,157	+ 296
Gross Profit	13,422	11,271	84.0%	-2,150	12,269	-997
(Gross profit margin)	38.8%	30.9%			33.9%	
Operating Income	2,341	181	7.7%	-2,159	1,114	-933
(Operating Income margin)	6.8%	0.5%			3.1%	
Ordinary Income	2,184	0	0.0%	-2,184	957	-957
(Ordinary Income margin)	6.3%	0.0%			2.6%	
Profit attribute to owners of parents	1,875	(306)		-2,181	469	-775
(Net Income Margin)	5.4%	_			1.3%	

^{*}Comparisons use figures calculated assuming the Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition (ASBJ Statement No. 29.) etc., were applied in the fiscal year ended March 31, 2021.

[Reference] Quarterly Segment Information (changes)





[•]Intersegment adjustments for internal net sales are excluded from net sales for the ERD Div. and EB Div. respectively.

[•]Comparisons use figures calculated assuming the Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition (ASBJ Statement No. 29.) etc., were applied in the fiscal year ended March 31, 2021.

Segment Forecast for FY2021 3Q(SE Division)



	FY202	0 3Q			FY2021 3Q	,	Millions of Terry
	Result	Sales proportion	Result	Sales proportion	YoY	Plan	Sales proportion
Net Sales	7,736		6,223		80.4%	6,172	
Sales and installation of PV system	7,511	97.1%	6,059	97.4%	80.7%	6,059	98.2%
Wholesale of PV system	153	2.0%	109	1.8%	71.0%	52	0.9%
Others	71	0.9%	54	0.9%	76.8%	60	1.0%
Cost of sales	5,320	68.8%	4,630	74.4%	87.0%	4,560	73.9%
Material costs	2,989	38.6%	2,667	42.9%	89.2%	2,547	41.3%
Labor cost	490	6.3%	641	10.3%	130.8%	649	10.5%
Gross Profit	2,416	31.2%	1,592	25.6%	65.9%	1,612	26.1%
SG & A	2,236	28.9%	1,818	29.2%	81.3%	1,897	30.7%
Personnel expenses	1,205	15.6%	876	14.1%	72.7%	924	15.0%
Operating Income	179	2.3%	(225)	_	_	(284)	_

Segment Forecast for FY2021 3Q(HS Division)



	FY202	0 3Q		FY2021 3Q				
	Result	Sales proportion	Result	Sales proportion	YoY	Plan	Sales proportion	
Net Sales	8,641		9,471		109.6%	9,433		
Termite control construction	2,739	31.7%	2,804	29.6%	102.4%	2,870	30.4%	
Under-floor/attic ventilation system	2,233	25.9%	2,422	25.6%	108.5%	2,421	25.7%	
Foundation Repair/Home Reinforcement System	1,273	14.7%	1,549	16.4%	121.6%	1,498	15.9%	
Others	2,394	27.7%	2,694	28.5%	112.6%	2,643	28.0%	
Cost of Sales	3,353	38.8%	3,542	37.4%	105.6%	3,596	38.1%	
Labor costs	1,198	13.9%	1,232	13.0%	102.8%	1,282	13.6%	
Gross Profit	5,287	61.2%	5,929	62.6%	112.1%	5,836	61.9%	
SG & A	3,647	42.2%	4,020	42.5%	110.2%	3,958	42.0%	
Personnel expenses	2,308	26.7%	2,479	26.2%	107.4%	2,424	25.7%	
Operating Income	1,639	19.0%	1,908	20.1%	116.4%	1,878	19.9%	

Segment Forecast for FY2021 3Q(ES Division)



		FY202	0 3Q		FY2021 3Q				
		Result	Sales proportion	Result	Sales proportion	YoY	Plan	Sales proportion	
Net Sales		1,712		1,902		111.1%	1,936		
	Anti-rust equipment installation	875	51.1%	942	49.5%	107.7%	996	51.5%	
	Others	837	48.9%	959	50.5%	114.6%	939	48.5%	
C	ost of Sales	789	46.1%	891	46.9%	112.9%	892	46.1%	
	Labor costs	191	11.2%	206	10.9%	108.1%	212	11.0%	
G	ross Profit	923	53.9%	1,010	53.1%	109.5%	1,043	53.9%	
S	G & A	742	43.4%	832	43.8%	112.1%	852	44.0%	
	Personnel expenses	440	25.7%	482	25.3%	109.4%	494	25.5%	
C	perating Income	180	10.5%	178	9.4%	98.7%	191	9.9%	

Segment Forecast for FY2021 3Q(ERD Division)



		FY202	0 3Q			FY2021 3Q		
		Result	Sales proportion	Result	Sales proportion	YoY	Plan	Sales proportion
N	let Sales	12,418		12,770		102.8%	12,604	
	Plastic fuel	7,824	63.0%	8,071	63.2%	103.2%	7,935	63.0%
	Power Plant	2,260	18.2%	2,123	16.6%	94.0%	2,247	17.8%
	Organic Waste liquid treatment	1,408	11.3%	1,529	12.0%	108.6%	1,500	11.9%
	Landfill	584	4.7%	682	5.3%	116.7%	578	4.6%
	Others	340	2.7%	363	2.8%	106.7%	341	2.7%
C	ost of Sales	8,105	65.3%	9,093	71.2%	112.2%	9,044	71.8%
	Labor costs	1,398	11.3%	1,411	11.1%	100.9%	1,421	11.3%
G	ross Profit	4,313	34.7%	3,677	28.8%	85.3%	3,559	28.2%
S	G & A	1,314	10.6%	1,334	10.5%	101.5%	1,332	10.6%
	Personnel expenses	809	6.5%	827	6.5%	102.2%	827	6.6%
C	perating Income	2,998	24.1%	2,342	18.3%	78.1%	2,226	17.7%

Segment Forecast for FY2021 3Q(EB Division)



		FY2020 3Q			FY2021 3Q				
		Result	Sales proportion	Result	Sales proportion	YoY	Plan	Sales proportion	
N	et Sales	5,795		6,120		105.6%	6,036		
	Sales of Electricity	5,377	92.8%	5,776	94.4%	107.4%	5,601	92.8%	
	Others	417	7.2%	344	5.6%	82.4%	434	7.2%	
С	osts of Sales	5,312	91.7%	7,059	115.3%	132.9%	5,820	96.4%	
	Material costs	5,120	88.3%	6,898	112.7%	134.7%	5,629	93.3%	
G	ross Profit	482	8.3%	(938)	_	_	216	3.6%	
S	G & A	453	7.8%	493	8.1%	108.6%	511	8.5%	
	Personnel expenses	261	4.5%	290	4.7%	110.9%	300	5.0%	
O	perating Income	28	0.5%	(1,432)	_	_	(295)	_	



Disclaimer

This material contains certain forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements are not intended to provide guarantees of our future performance and are based on certain assumptions and management's judgment based on currently available information. Therefore, actual results in future earnings and operating results may materially differ from those contained in the forward-looking statements.

The following items are among the factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements in this material:

changes in economic changes of the Feed-in-Tariff (FIT) scheme for renewable energy and changes of the utility company's policy for installation of renewable energy, competition with other manufacturers, changing technology, regulatory environment, new legislation and any other factors which are beyond our control.

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